

## FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION SPECIAL COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2023 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

## **PURE MATHEMATICS**

	OWED: THREE HOURS	MAXIMUM M		
NOTE: (i) (ii)	ONE Question from SECTION-C. AI	Control Contro		
	places.			
	Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper. No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book m be crossed.			nust
(v) (vi)	Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be cons Use of Calculator is allowed.			
	SECT	<u>FION-A</u>		
Q. No. 1(a)	Prove that the homomorphic image $\varphi$ (G) of a group G is itself a group.		(10)	
<b>(b)</b>	Let G be a group and H, K be its subgroups of finite index. Then prove that		(10)	(20)
	$(H : H \cap K) = (G : H)$ if and only if G	= HK = KH.		
Q. No. 2(a)	Let H be a normal subgroup and K a subgroup of a group G then prove that HK is a subgroup of G, $H \cap K$ is normal in K and HK/H $\cong$ K/( $H \cap K$ ).		(10)	
(b)	For what value of $\lambda$ do the following homogeneous equations have nontrivial solutions? Find these solutions: $ \begin{pmatrix} (3 - \lambda) & x - y + z = 0, \\ x - (1 - \lambda) & y + z = 0, \\ x - y + (1 - \lambda) & z = 0. \end{cases} $		(10)	(20)
Q. No. 3(a)	Find a basis and dimension of each of the $R(T)$ and $N(T)$ , where $T: R^3 \rightarrow R^3$ is defined by $T(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3, x_2 + x_3, x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3).$		(10)	
(b)	Let $U$ and $W$ be 2-dimensional subsp	baces of $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Show that $U \cap W \neq \{0\}$ .	(10)	(20)
	SEC	<u> TION-B</u>		
Q. No. 4(a)	Find constants <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> such that the $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^3, \\ ax + b, \\ x^2 + 2, \end{cases}$ is continuous for all <i>x</i> .	function $f$ defined by $if  0 \le x < -1$ , $if  -1 \le x < 1$ , $if  x \ge 1$ ,	(10)	
(b)	Find the extrema of the function $f$	$(x, y) = 2 x^{2} + x y^{2} - 4x - 1.$	(10)	(20)
Q. No. 5(a)	Evaluate: $\int_{0}^{\pi/4} \frac{\sec^2 \theta}{\tan x - \tan \theta}$	$dx$ , $ heta > \pi/4$ .	(10)	
(b)	Find the area outside of the circle $r = 2$ (1)		(10)	(20)
	$r = \mathcal{L}(1)$	$+\cos \theta$ ).		

## **PURE MATHEMATICS**

Prove that the straight lines  $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+1}{-3} = \frac{z+10}{8}$  and  $\frac{x-4}{1} = \frac{y+3}{-4} = \frac{z+1}{7}$ Q. No. 6(a) (10)

> intersect. Also, find the point of intersection and equation of the plane passing through them.

(b) Discuss and sketch the following curve (10) 
$$y^2 = x^2 (4 - x^2)$$
.

## **SECTION-C**

Q. No. 7(a) Find the value of

Find the value of  

$$\oint \frac{\sin(\pi z^2) + \cos(\pi z^2)}{(z-1)(z-2)} dz$$
around the closed curve which is the circle  $|z| = 3$ .
(10)

- Prove that  $f(z) = \overline{z}$  is nowhere analytic. **(b)** (10)(20)
- Expand  $f(z) = \sin z$  in a Taylor series about  $z = \pi/4$  and determine the Q. No. 8(a) (10)region of convergence of this series.
  - **(b)** Using residue theorem, evaluate (10)(20) $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint \frac{e^{zt}}{z^2 \left(z^2 + 2z + 2\right)} dz$ around the closed curve which is the circle |z| = 3.

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