

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION SPECIAL COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2023 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-I

[TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS	(PART-I MCQs)	MAXIMUM MARKS: 20
	PART-I (MCQs) : MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	(PART-II)	MAXIMUM MARKS: 80
	NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on sepa	arate OMR Answer	Sheet which shall be taken back
	after 30 minutes.		
	(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/an	6	
	(iii) There is no negative marking. All MCC	Is must be attempted.	
	PART-I (MCQs)(COMPULSORY)	
(2.1. (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the ap	propriate Box 🗖 on t	the OMR Answer Sheet.(20x1=20)
	(ii) Answers given anywhere else, other than OMR A		
1.	Write the values for l, n, and m for $\Psi_{3,1,0}$? (A) 1, 3, 0 (B) 3, 1, 0	(C) 0, 3, 1	(D) None of these
2.	What is the magnetic quantum number of the orbit		(D) None of these
_•	(A) 1 (B) ± 1	(C) -1	(D) None of these
3.	The weight of silver displaced by a quantity of elect		
	(A) 5.4g (B) 10.8g	(C) 54.9g	(D) None of these
4.	On electrolysis of dilute sulphuric acid using platin(A) Hydrogen(B) Oxygen	um electrodes, the pro C) Hydrogen sulphide	(D) None of these
5.	The coefficient of performance of a refrigerator is		
	Calculate the temperature of the surrounding when		inside of salu refrigerator is 20°C.
	A) 11° C. (B) 21° C.	(C) 31° C.	(D) None of these
6.	When an ideal monoatomic gas is heated at constant	nt pressure, the fraction	on of heat energy that increases the
	internal energy of the gas is: (A) $= 2/5$		
7.	 (A) 2/5 (B) 3/5 (B) 3/5 (B) 3/5 	(C) $3/7$	(D) None of these
/.	elementary reaction $3X + Y = X_2Y$ change?	that of 1 is harved, h	low many times will the rate of the
	(A) $r2=4.5r1$ (B) $r2=5r1$	(C) $r_{2}=2r_{1}$	(D) None of these
8.	The chemical reaction, $2O_3 \rightarrow 3O_2$ Proceeds as		
	$O_3 \rightleftharpoons O_2 + [O] \text{ (fast)}$		
	$[O] + O_3 \rightarrow 2O_2$ (slow) The rate law expression will be:		
	The rate law expression will be: (A) Rate = k [O] [O ₃] (B) Rate = k $[O_3]^2$ [0	$O_2]^{-1}$ (C) Rate =	$k [O_3]^2$ (D) None of these
9.	Which one of the following is an example of adsorp		
	(A) Ammonia in contact with water	(B) Anhydrous C	
	(C) Silica gel in contact with water vapours	(D) None of these	
10	1	positely charged elect	rodes on passing electric current is
	known as: (A) Tyndall effect (B) Cataphoresis (C	C) Brownian movemen	nt (D) None of these
11			
		C) Coagulation	(D) None of these
12	0 0 0	• • •	
1.		C) Helium	(D) None of these
13		(B) Liquid coluti	on that is a result from Elution
	(A) Liquid solution(C) Solute	(D) None of thes	on that is a result from Elution
14		()	
	(A) Electrochemical detector	(B) Fluorescence	detector
<u> </u>	(C) UV-Visible detector	(D) None of thes	e
15		Cupris said	(D) None of these
16		C) Cupric acid en t2g and eg sets is do	(D) None of these
ΔU	(A) 10Dq (B) 20Dq	(C) 0Dq	(D) None of these
17	. The chemical formula of caustic potash is:		
	(A) NaOH (B) Ca(OH) ₂	(C) NH ₄ OH	(D) None of these
18	0	maximum number of	of different oxidation states in its
	compounds? (A) Eu (B) Am	(C) Cd	(D) None of these
		(c) cu	

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19. Gun metal is an alloy of:

- (A) Cu and Al (B) Cu and Sn (C) Cu, Zn and Sn (D) None of these
 20. The number of unpaired electrons in gaseous species of Mn3+, Cr3+ and V3+ respectively are:
 - (A) 4, 4 and 2 (B) 3, 3 and 2 (C) 4, 3 and 2 (D) None of these

PART-II

TIME PART		OWED: THREE HOURS CQS): MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	PART-I (MCQS) PART-II	MAXIMUM MA MAXIMUM MA				
NOTE		Part-II is to be attempted on the sepa						
	(ii)	Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II by selecting TWO questions from EAC						
	(iii)	SECTION. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.i) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at d						
		places.	I	I				
		Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in	-					
	(v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Ans must be crossed.							
	(vi)	Extra attempt of any question or any	y part of the question wil	l not be considered.				
Q. 2.	(a)	Derive Schrodinger wave equation for	motion of a particle in o	ne dimensional	(10)			
	(b)	Box. What is a well-behaved function? What acceptable wave function?	at are the requirements of	a physically	(06)			
	(c)	What are the postulates of Quantum M	Iechanics?		(04)	(20		
Q. 3.	(a)	Describe briefly the experimental tech reaction.	niques for determination	of order of	(10)			
	(b)	Write a note on Transition state theory	of reaction rates.		(06)			
	(c)	Postulates of Collision theory.			(04)	(20		
Q. 4.	(a)	Give a comprehensive classification o mention potential application of each.		c techniques. Also	(10)			
	(b) (c)	Define and explain Langmuir adsorpti Explain Liquid junction potential.	on isotherm. What are its	limitations?	(06) (04)	(20		
	(0)	Explain Elquid Julieuon potentian			(01)	(_0		
Q. 5.	(a)	State John-Teller theorem. Explain it u complexes.	using suitable examples f	com coordination	(10)			
	(b)	Valence shell electron pair repulsion t	•		(06)			
	(c)	molecules. Using this theory explain the Postulates of Valence Bond Theory (V		$_3$ and IF ₅ .	(04)	(20		
	(0)	rostulates of valence bolid Theory (v	/ D I).		(04)	(20		
Q. 6.	(a)	State and explain Kohlrausch's law. G	vive its applications.		(10)			
	(b)	What is called Nernst equation, and th	e significance of the Nerr	nst equation?	(05)	(
	(c)	What is the derivation of Debye-Hück	el?		(05)	(20		
Q. 7.	(a)	What is the standard equation of Gibb		elationship between	(10)			
	(b)	Free Energy and Equilibrium Constan Explain 3rd law of thermodynamics. H		letermine the	(05)			
	(c)	absolute value of entropy? Explain heat capacities and their depen	ndence on Temperature, I	Pressure and	(05)	(20		
		Volume.						
Q. 8.	(a)	Explain Gaussian distribution. Explair Gaussian distribution.	n the difference between (Gaussian and non-	(08)			
	(b)	What is electrophoresis? Give its prince	ciple.		(06)			
	(c)	Give postulates of Werner's theory of	-		(06)	(20)		